APPENDIX.

Sec. 344 (b) Title 28 U. S. C. A.

"It shall be competent for the Supreme Court, by certiorari, to require that there be certified to it for review and determination, with the same power and authority and with like effect as if brought up by writ of error, any cause wherein a final judgment or decree has been rendered or passed by the highest court of a State in which a decision could be had where is drawn in question the validity of a treaty or statute of the United States; or where is drawn in question the validity of a statute of any State on the ground of its being repugnant to the Constitution, treaties, or laws of the United States; or where any title, right, privilege or immunity is specially set up or claimed by either party under the Constitution, or any treaty or statute of, or commission held or authority exercised under, the United States * * *"

U. S. Constitution, Amendment I.

"Congress shall make no law * * * abridging the freedom of speech, or of the press * * *"

Constitution of Illinois, Art. II, Sec. 4.

"Every person may freely speak, write and publish on all subjects, being responsible for the abuse of that liberty; and in all trials for libel, both civil and criminal, the truth, when published with good motives and for justifiable ends, shall be a sufficient defense."

Chapter 38 (Criminal Code) Sec. 402 (Libel).

(177) A libel is a malicious defamation, expressed either by printing, or by signs or pictures, or the like, tending to blacken the memory of one who is dead, or to impeach the honesty, integrity, virtue or reputation or publish the natural defects of one who is alive, and thereby to expose him to public hatred, contempt, ridicule or financial injury.

(179) In all prosecutions for libel, the truth, when published with good motives, and for justifiable ends, shall be a sufficient defense.